

Checklist: Is my soil fit for climate change? Instructions on the back side of page

1 LAND USE		MANAGEMENT			
Arable land	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Crop rotation:	Good <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Bad <input type="checkbox"/> 0	
Forest, silviculture	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	Catch crops:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 1	No <input type="checkbox"/> 0	
Pasture, grassland, meadow	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	Green manure:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 1	No <input type="checkbox"/> 0	
Perm. crops (e.g. orchard, vine,...)	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Greening:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 1	No <input type="checkbox"/> 0	

2 CONSIDERING THE SURROUNDINGS					
Area:	Flat <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Slightly inclined <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Steep <input type="checkbox"/> 0		
Topography:	Hilltop <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Slope <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Slope foot <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Plain <input type="checkbox"/> 1	
Structural elements:	Hedges <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Trees <input type="checkbox"/> 1	None <input type="checkbox"/> 0		
Signs of soil erosion:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 0	No <input type="checkbox"/> 1			
Plant stand:	Well developed <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Poorly developed <input type="checkbox"/> 0	None <input type="checkbox"/> 0		

Date:

Field name:

Expert/Name:

Score for 2 layers:	23 - 25	19 - 22	< 19
Score for 3 layers:	30 - 33	25 - 29	< 25
Evaluation:	++	!	!!

3 VIEW FROM THE INSIDE										
Depth [cm]	Colour	Texture	Stones	Smell	Roots	Earthworms	pH _{WATER}	pH _{NEUTRAL SALT}	Compaction	Turbidity
Layer 1		s u t l S U T L	< 10% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Good <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	< 6.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	< 5.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	No <input type="checkbox"/> 1	None <input type="checkbox"/> 1
			10 - 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Bad <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	6.5 - 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	5.9 - 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Medium <input type="checkbox"/> 0
			> 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 0		None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1		Strong <input type="checkbox"/> 0
Layer 2		s u t l S U T L	< 10% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Good <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	< 6.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	< 5.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	No <input type="checkbox"/> 1	None <input type="checkbox"/> 1
			10 - 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Bad <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	6.5 - 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	5.9 - 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Medium <input type="checkbox"/> 0
			> 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 0		None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1		Strong <input type="checkbox"/> 0
Layer 3		s u t l S U T L	< 10% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Good <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Many <input type="checkbox"/> 1	< 6.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	< 5.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	No <input type="checkbox"/> 1	None <input type="checkbox"/> 1
			10 - 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Bad <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Some <input type="checkbox"/> 1	6.5 - 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	5.9 - 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 0	Medium <input type="checkbox"/> 0
			> 25% <input type="checkbox"/> 0		None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	None <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 7.5 <input type="checkbox"/> 0	> 6.9 <input type="checkbox"/> 1		Strong <input type="checkbox"/> 0

Instructions

You need: A soil profile, vessels for shaking, distilled water, pH indicator strips, pH indicator solution, tape measure, spatula

1 The first step is to record the **AGRICULTURAL MANAGEMENT** and **LAND USE** of the site. A diverse **crop rotation**, the cultivation of **intermediate crops**, and application of **green manure** have a positive effect on the evaluation.

2 CONSIDERING THE SURROUNDINGS: In a next step, site-specific features are taken into account. The **inclination** and topography of the site as well as the surrounding **structural elements** (hedges, trees, etc.) are evaluated. Moreover, immanent **signs of soil erosion** and **plant growth** are considered.

3 VIEW FROM THE INSIDE: we now take a closer look into the **soil profile** of the site. The individual soil layers (horizons) are first delimited from each other by optical characteristics. The following parameters are recorded for the respective layers (minimum 2):

Colour: What is the dominant colour of the soil layer? (e.g., black, brown, yellow, reddish, grey, etc.)

Texture: Soil texture is estimated by simple finger testing (images 1-4).



S Image 1
SAND
» cannot be rolled out, gritty
» sample crumbles
» individual grains visible
» sample grinds between teeth



U Image 2
SILT
» can be rolled out
» crumbles during 2nd roll-out
» single grains adhere in finger groove, sample does not stick
» sample feels velvety



T Image 3
CLAY
» can be repeatedly rolled out
» friction surfaces shine
» sample is greasy, sticky
» plastically malleable



L Image 4
LOAM
» Mixture of sand, silt and clay (in ~ same proportions)
» can be rolled out
» sticky

Stones: The volumetric stone content (>2mm) is roughly estimated (image 5).

Smell: Does the soil have a good or rather bad (moldy, pungent) smell?

Roots: Are many, some or no roots recognizable?

Earthworms: Are earthworms present or earthworm tunnels recognizable?

pH in water: Measurement with pH indicator strips (image 6) or electrode.

pH in neutral salt: Measurement with pH indicator solution (image 7) or electrode.

Compaction: Are compactions recognizable? (compaction probe, testing with e.g. spatula).

Turbidity: The testing of turbidity allows to draw a conclusion on soil aggregate stability. Soil is mixed with distilled water (1:3), shaken and put aside to rest. After 30 minutes of sedimentation, the assessment is made. The more clouded the protruding liquid (image 8), the more unstable the soil aggregates.

Evaluation

The checklist enables the soil field assessment of a site in terms of climate fitness. The recording of the individual parameters is carried out step by step. **Points are assigned to each parameter which results in an overall evaluation score:**



Climate-fit
Continue preservation measures



Need for action
Preservation and amelioration measures required



Acute need for action
Carry out amelioration measures and consider changes in management

Image 5

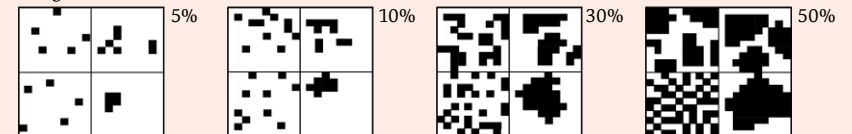


Image 6



Image 7



Image 8

